EXAMPLE OF BYLAWS FOR
TEXAS CORPORATION

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EXAMPLE ONLY: YOU SHOULD RETAIN LEGAL COUNSEL
TO ADVISE YOU AS TO YOUR SPECIFIC SITUATION
PAGE III
BYLAWS

OF

[NAME OF CORPORATION]

ARTICLE I
OFFICES

1.1. Registered Office. The registered office and registered agent of [Name of Corporation] (the “Corporation”) will be as from time to time set forth in the Corporation’s Certificate of Formation. The Corporation may change its registered office, registered agent, or both by filing with the Secretary of State of the State of Texas, a Statement of Change of Registered Office or Registered Agent.

1.2. Other Offices. The Corporation may also have offices at such other places, both within and without the State of Texas, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the Corporation may require.

ARTICLE II
SHAREHOLDERS

2.1. Place of Meetings. All meetings of the shareholders for the election of Directors will be held at such place, within or without the State of Texas, as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors. Meetings of shareholders for any other purpose may be held at such time and place, within or without the State of Texas, as may be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof. The Board of Directors may determine that any meeting may be held solely by means of remote communication in accordance with Texas law.

2.2. Annual Meeting. An annual meeting of the shareholders will be held at such time as may be determined by the Board of Directors, at which meeting the shareholders will elect a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

2.3. List of Shareholders. Not later than the 11th day before the date of each meeting of shareholders, a complete list of the shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, with the address of and the number of voting shares registered in the name of each, will be prepared by the officer or agent having charge of the stock transfer books. Such list will be kept on file at the registered office of the Corporation for a period of ten (10) days prior to such meeting and will be subject to inspection by any shareholder at any time during usual business hours. Alternatively, the list of the shareholders may be kept on a reasonably accessible electronic network, if the information required to gain access to the list is provided with the notice of the meeting. This Section does not require the Corporation to include any electronic contact information of any shareholder on the list. If the Corporation elects to make the list available on an electronic network, the Corporation shall take reasonable steps to ensure that the
information is available only to shareholders of the Corporation. Such list will be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and will be subject to the inspection of any shareholder who may be present. If the meeting is held by means of remote communication, the list must be open to the examination of any shareholder for the duration of the meeting on a reasonably accessible electronic network, and the information required to access the list must be provided to shareholders with the notice of the meeting. The original stock transfer books shall be prima facie evidence as to who are the shareholders entitled to examine such list or transfer book or to vote at any such meeting of shareholders.

2.4. **Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the shareholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws, may be called by the President or the Board of Directors, **[insert if applicable: or [name[s] of other person[s] authorized]** or will be called by the President or Secretary at the request in writing of the holders of not less than fifty percent (50%) of all the shares issued, outstanding and entitled to vote (unless a different percentage is specified in the Certificate of Formation). Such request will state the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting. Business transacted at all special meetings will be confined to the purposes stated in the notice of the meeting unless all shareholders entitled to vote are present and consent.

2.5. **Notice.** Written or printed notice stating the place, day and hour of any meeting of the shareholders the means of any remote communications by which shareholders may be considered present and may vote at the meeting and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, will be delivered not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting, either personally, by electronic transmission or by mail, by or at the direction of the President, the Secretary, or the officer or person calling the meeting, to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. If mailed, such notice will be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail, addressed to the shareholder at his address as it appears on the stock transfer books of the Corporation, with postage thereon prepaid.

2.6. **Quorum.** With respect to any matter, the presence in person or by proxy of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on that matter will be necessary and sufficient to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business except as otherwise provided by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws. If, however, such quorum is not present or represented at any meeting of the shareholders, the shareholders entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, will have power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present or represented. If the adjournment is for more than 30 days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting will be given to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum is present or represented, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

[Note: Pursuant to Section 21.358 of the BOC, can range from one third to 100%. The provision here is controlled by and must be adjusted to any similar provisions in the Certificate of Formation.]
2.7. Voting. When a quorum is present at any meeting of the Corporation’s shareholders, the vote of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote that are actually voted on any question brought before the meeting will be sufficient to decide such question; provided that if the question is one upon which, by express provision of law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws, a different vote is required, such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question.

[1. Note: Pursuant to Section 21.359 of the BOC, the vote on directors can range from a majority to 100% of (i) shares entitled to vote, (ii) shares entitled to vote and represented in person or by proxy or (iii) shares entitled to vote and voted on that matter.

2. Pursuant to Section 21.363 of the BOC, the affirmative vote on matters other than election of directors can range from a majority to 100% of (i) shares entitled to vote, (ii) shares entitled to vote and represented in person or by proxy, (iii) shares entitled to vote and voted on that matter and (iv) shares entitled to vote and voted or abstained on that matter.

3. Pursuant to Section 21.364 of the BOC, the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares entitled to vote is required for approval of a “fundamental action” and in some cases two thirds of each class of stock is required, however, Section 21.365 of the BOC, provides that the Certificate of Formation may reduce the two-thirds vote to no lower than a majority.

4. Pursuant to Sections 21.361 of the BOC, the corporation may authorize in its Certificate of Formation shareholders to cumulatively vote the number of shares the shareholder owns in the election of directors. Section 21.362 provides that shareholders of a corporation incorporated prior to September 1, 2003, have the right to cumulatively vote the number of shares the shareholder owns in the election of directors.]

2.8. Method of Voting. Each outstanding share of the Corporation’s capital stock, regardless of class or series, will be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, except to the extent that the voting rights of the shares of any class or series are limited or denied by the Certificate of Formation, as amended from time to time. At any meeting of the shareholders, every shareholder having the right to vote will be entitled to vote in person or by proxy executed in writing by such shareholder and bearing a date not more than 11 months prior to such meeting, unless such instrument provides for a longer period. A telegram, telex, cablegram or similar transmission by the shareholder, or a photographic, photostatic, facsimile or similar reproduction of a writing executed by the shareholder, shall be treated as an execution in writing for purposes of the preceding sentence. Any electronic transmission must contain or be accompanied by information from which it can be determined that the transmission was authorized by the shareholder. Each proxy will be revocable unless expressly provided therein to be irrevocable and if, and only so long as, it is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power. Such proxy will be filed with the Secretary of the Corporation prior to or at the time of the meeting. Voting for directors will be in
accordance with Article III of these Bylaws. Voting on any question or in any election may be by voice vote or show of hands unless the presiding officer orders or any shareholder demands that voting be by written ballot.

2.9. **Record Date; Closing Transfer Books.** The Board of Directors may fix in advance a record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders, such record date to be not less than ten nor more than sixty days prior to such meeting, or the Board of Directors may close the stock transfer books for such purpose for a period of not less than ten nor more than sixty days prior to such meeting. In the absence of any action by the Board of Directors, the date upon which the notice of the meeting is mailed will be the record date.

2.10. **Action Without Meeting.**

(a) Any action required by law to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders, and/or any action that may be taken at a meeting of the shareholders, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holder or holders of shares having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take such action at a meeting at which the holders of all shares entitled to vote on the action were present and voted.

(b) Every written consent of the shareholders shall bear the date of signature of each shareholder who signs the consent. No written consent shall be effective to take the action that is the subject of the consent unless, within sixty (60) days after the date of the earliest dated consent delivered to the Corporation as provided below, a consent or consents signed by the holder or holders of shares having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take the action that is the subject of the consent are delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of the shareholders are recorded. Such delivery shall be made by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, and in the case of delivery to the Corporation’s principal place of business, shall be addressed to the president of the Corporation.

(c) A telegram, telex, cablegram or similar transmission by a shareholder, or a photographic, photostatic, facsimile or other similar reproduction of a writing signed by a shareholder, shall be regarded as signed by the shareholder for the purposes of this Section. A telegram, telex, cablegram, or other electronic transmission by a shareholder consenting to an action to be taken is considered to be written, signed, and dated for the purposes of this Section if the transmission sets forth or is delivered with information from which the Corporation can determine that the transmission was transmitted by the shareholder and the date on which the shareholder transmitted the transmission. The date of transmission is the date on which the consent was signed. Consent given by telegram, telex, cablegram, or other electronic transmission may not be considered delivered until the consent is reproduced in paper form and the paper form is delivered to the Corporation at its registered office in this state or its principal place of business, or to an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of shareholder meetings are recorded. Notwithstanding Subsection (b) of this
Section, consent given by telegram, telex, cablegram, or other electronic transmission may be delivered to the principal place of business of the Corporation or to an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of shareholder meetings are recorded to the extent and in the manner provided by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Corporation. Any photographic, photostatic, facsimile, or similarly reliable reproduction of a consent in writing signed by a shareholder may be substituted or used instead of the original writing for any purpose for which the original writing could be used, if the reproduction is a complete reproduction of the entire original writing.

(d) Prompt notice of the taking of any action by shareholders without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those shareholders who did not consent in writing to the action.

2.11. **Telephone or Remote Communication Meetings.** Shareholders may participate in and hold a meeting by means of conference telephone or similar other means of remote communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate with each other. Participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at the meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened if (i) the Corporation implements reasonable measures to verify that each person considered present and permitted to vote at the meeting by means of remote communication is a shareholder and (ii) the Corporation maintains a record of any shareholder vote or other action taken at the meeting by means of remote communication.

**ARTICLE III**  
**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

3.1. **Management.** The business and affairs of the Corporation will be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws directed or required to be exercised or done by the shareholders.

3.2. **Qualification; Election; Term.** None of the Directors need be a shareholder of the Corporation or a resident of the State of Texas. The Directors will be elected by plurality vote at the annual meeting of the shareholders, except as hereinafter provided, and each Director elected will hold office until whichever of the following occurs first: his successor is elected and qualified, his resignation, his removal from office by the shareholders or his death.

3.3. **Number.** The number of Directors of the Corporation will be at least ________ and not more than ________. The number of Directors authorized will be fixed as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate, or if no such designation has been made, the number of Directors will be the same as the number of members of the initial Board of Directors as set forth in the Certificate of Formation. No decrease in the number of Directors will have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent Director.
[Note: Section 21.408 of the BOC provides for the classification of directors subject to the election of a minimum of nine directors; It is recommended that there be an odd number, as opposed to an even number of directors.]

3.4. **Removal.** Any Director may be removed either for or without cause at any special meeting of shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least a majority in number of shares of the shareholders present in person or represented by proxy at such meeting and entitled to vote for the election of such Director; provided, that notice of intention to act upon such matter has been given in the notice calling such meeting.

3.5. **Vacancies.** Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors by death, resignation, removal or otherwise may be filled by an affirmative vote of at least a majority of the remaining Directors though less than a quorum of the Board of Directors. A Director elected to fill a vacancy will be elected for the unexpired term of his predecessor in office. A directorship to be filled by reason of an increase in the number of Directors may be filled by the Board of Directors for a term of office only until the next election of one or more Directors by the shareholders.

3.6. **Place of Meetings.** Meetings of the Board of Directors, regular or special, may be held at such place within or without the State of Texas as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors.

3.7. **Annual Meeting.** The first meeting of each newly elected Board of Directors will be held without further notice immediately following the annual meeting of shareholders and at the same place, unless by unanimous consent, the Directors then elected and serving shall change such time or place.

3.8. **Regular Meetings.** Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as is from time to time determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

3.9. **Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the President on oral or written notice to each Director, given either personally, by telephone, by telegram or by mail; special meetings will be called by the [President or the Secretary/or any other person] in like manner and on like notice [on the written request of at least two Directors]. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided by law, the Certificate of Formation, or these Bylaws, neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting need be specified in a notice or waiver of notice.

[Note: Section 21.411(a) of the BOC, provide that the special meetings of the board of directors are to be held as prescribed in the bylaws, therefore the president and secretary are suggested but not required to be parties calling the meeting and the written request of 2 directors is suggested but not required (minimum number of directors can be increased from 2 as well)]

3.10. **Quorum.** At all meetings of the Board of Directors the presence of a majority of the number of Directors then in office will be necessary and sufficient to constitute a quorum for
the transaction of business, and the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the Directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum will be the act of the Board of Directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws. If a quorum is not present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present.

[Note: Pursuant to Section 21.413 of the BOC, the quorum requirement can range from one-third to 100%. In addition, a vote of a majority to 100% may be specified]

3.11. Interested Directors. No contract or transaction between the Corporation and one or more of its Directors or officers, or between the Corporation and any other corporation, partnership, association or other organization in which one or more of the Corporation’s Directors or officers are Directors or officers or have a financial interest, will be void or voidable solely for this reason, solely because the Director or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the Board of Directors or committee thereof that authorizes the contract or transaction, or solely because his or their votes are counted for such purpose, if: (i) the material facts as to his relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the Board of Directors or the committee, and the Board of Directors or committee in good faith authorizes the contract or transaction by the affirmative vote of a majority of the disinterested Directors, even though the disinterested Directors be less than a quorum, (ii) the material facts as to his relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the shareholders entitled to vote thereon, and the contract or transaction is specifically approved in good faith by vote of the shareholders or (iii) the contract or transaction is fair as to the Corporation as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified by the Board of Directors, a committee thereof or the shareholders. Common or interested directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a committee that authorizes the contract or transaction.

3.12. Committees. The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, may designate from among its members one or more committees, each of which shall be comprised of one or more of its members, and may designate one or more of its members as alternate members of any committee, who may, subject to any limitations imposed by the Board of Directors, replace absent or disqualified members at any meeting of that committee. Any such committee, to the extent provided in such resolution of the Board of Directors, shall have and may exercise all of the authority of the Board of Directors in the business and affairs of the Corporation except where the action of the full Board of Directors is required or where the authority of such committee is limited by statute. A committee formed pursuant to this Section 3.12 will have no authority to take the actions prohibited by Section 21.416 of the Texas Business Organizations Code. The number of members on each committee may be increased or decreased from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors. Any member of any committee may be removed from such committee at any time by resolution of the Board of Directors. Vacancies in the membership of a committee (whether by death, resignation, removal or otherwise) may be filled by resolution of the Board of Directors. The time, place and notice (if any) of meetings of any committee shall be determined by such committee. At
meetings of any committee, a majority of the number of members of such committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of such committee, except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, the Certificate of Formation, or these bylaws. If a quorum is not present at a meeting of any committee, the members present may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than an announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and report the same to the board when required. The designation of any such committee of the Board of Directors and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors, or any member thereof, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him by law.

[Note: Pursuant to Section 21.416 of the BOC, some provisions in this section 3.12 may be modified as they are not statutorily mandated]

3.13. Action by Consent. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee of the Board of Directors may be taken without such a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by all the members of the Board of Directors or such committee, as the case may be. A telegram, telex, cablegram, or other electronic transmission by a director consenting to an action to be taken and transmitted by a director is considered written, signed, and dated for the purposes of this article if the transmission sets forth or is delivered with information from which the Corporation can determine that the transmission was transmitted by the director and the date on which the director transmitted the transmission. Such consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors or the committee, as the case may be, duly called and held.

3.14. Compensation of Directors. Directors will receive such compensation for their services and reimbursement for their expenses as the Board of Directors, by resolution, may establish; provided that nothing herein contained will be construed to preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor.

3.15. Resignations. A Director may resign at any time by giving written notice in writing or by electronic transmission to the Board of Directors or the chairman of the board or by verbally resigning at a meeting of the Board of Directors if such resignation is accepted by formal resolution of remaining Directors. Such resignation shall take effect at the date of receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and, unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

3.16. Advisory Board. Advisory Directors may be appointed by the Board of Directors to serve on such terms as the Board of Directors deems appropriate. No person shall serve as an Advisory Director without having first entered into an agreement with the Corporation satisfactory in form to the Board of Directors, evidenced by their written resolution, requiring that the Advisory Director (i) not use any such proprietary and/or confidential information to the detriment of the Corporation; and (ii) disclose any direct or indirect interest he or she may have in any proposed contract or transaction with the Corporation. Each Advisory Director shall be considered an independent contractor of the Corporation and shall have no
liability or duty to the Corporation beyond that created by his or her agreement with the Corporation. Advisory Directors shall serve solely as consultants to the Board of Directors based on their business or technical expertise, and shall have no duties with respect to the management of the Corporation, nor any authority to bind the Corporation or act on its behalf.

ARTICLE IV

NOTICE

4.1. Form of Notice. Whenever by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws, notice is to be given to any director, committee member or shareholder, and no provision is made as to how such notice is to be given, such notice may be given: (i) in writing, by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to such director, committee member or shareholder at such address as appears on the books of the Corporation or (ii) in any other method permitted by law. Any notice required or permitted to be given by mail will be deemed to be given at the time the same is deposited in the United States mail. Notice to directors, committee members or shareholders may also be given by nationally recognized overnight delivery or courier service, or telegram, and shall be deemed given when such notice shall be received by the proper recipient or, if earlier, (i) in the case of an overnight delivery or courier service, one (1) day after such notice is sent by such overnight delivery or courier service and (ii) in the case of telegraph, when deposited at a telegraph office for transmission and all appropriate fees therefor have been paid. On consent of a shareholder, director or committee member, notice from the Corporation may be given to the shareholder, director or committee member by electronic transmission. The shareholder, director or committee member may specify the form of electronic transmission to be used to communicate notice. The shareholder, director or committee member may revoke this consent by written notice to the Corporation. The consent is deemed to be revoked if the Corporation is unable to deliver by electronic transmission two consecutive notices, and the person responsible for delivering notice on behalf of the Corporation knows that delivery of these two electronic transmissions was unsuccessful. The inadvertent failure to treat the unsuccessful transmissions as a revocation of consent does not invalidate a meeting or other action. Notice by electronic transmission is deemed given when the notice is (i) transmitted to a facsimile number provided by the shareholder, director or committee member for the purpose of receiving notice; (ii) transmitted to an electronic mail address provided by the shareholder, director or committee member for the purpose of receiving notice; (iii) posted on an electronic network and a message is sent to the shareholder, director or committee member at the address provided by the shareholder, director or committee member for the purpose of alerting the shareholder, director or committee member of a posting; or (iv) communicated to the shareholder, director or committee member by any other form of electronic transmission consented to by the shareholder, director or committee member.

4.2. Waiver. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any shareholder or Director of the Corporation as required by law, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, or a waiver by electronic transmission by the person entitled to notice, whether before or after the time stated in such notice, will be equivalent to the giving of such notice. Attendance of a shareholder or Director at a meeting will constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where such shareholder or Director attends for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the
meeting, to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting has not been lawfully called or convened. The business to be transacted at a regular or special meeting of the shareholders, directors, or members of a committee of directors or the purpose of a meeting is not required to be specified in a written waiver of notice or a waiver by electronic transmission unless required by the Certificate of Formation.

ARTICLE V 
OFFICERS AND AGENTS

5.1. In General. The officers of the Corporation will be elected by the Board of Directors and will be a President and a Secretary. The Board of Directors may also elect a Chairman of the Board, Vice Chairman of the Board, Vice Presidents, Assistant Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, and Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

[Note: Only President and Secretary are required under the TBOC. Other titles should match the titles that the officers plan to use publicly (i.e. CFO versus Treasurer)]

5.2. Election. The Board of Directors, at its first meeting after each annual meeting of shareholders, will elect the officers, none of whom need be a member of the Board of Directors.

5.3. Other Officers and Agents. The Board of Directors may also elect and appoint such other officers and agents as it deems necessary, who will be elected and appointed for such terms and will exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be determined from time to time by the Board.

5.4. Compensation. The compensation of all officers and agents of the Corporation will be fixed by the Board of Directors or any committee of the Board, if so authorized by the Board.

5.5. Term of Office and Removal. Each officer of the Corporation will hold office until his death, his resignation or removal from office, or the election and qualification of his successor, whichever occurs first. Any officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed at any time, for or without cause, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors, but such removal will not prejudice the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. If the office of any officer becomes vacant for any reason, the vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors.

5.6. Employment and Other Contracts. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers or agent or agents to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name or on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. The Board of Directors may, when it believes the interest of the Corporation will best be served thereby, authorize executive employment contracts that will have terms no longer than ten years and contain such other terms and conditions as the Board of Directors deems appropriate. Nothing herein will limit the authority of the Board of Directors to authorize employment contracts for shorter terms.

EXAMPLE ONLY; YOU SHOULD RETAIN LEGAL COUNSEL 
TO ADVISE YOU AS TO YOUR SPECIFIC SITUATION 
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5.7. **Chairman of the Board of Directors.** If the Board of Directors has elected a Chairman of the Board, he will preside at all meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors. Except where by law the signature of the President is required, the Chairman will have the same power as the President to sign all certificates, contracts and other instruments of the Corporation. During the absence or disability of the President, the Chairman will exercise the powers and perform the duties of the President.

5.8. **President.** The President will be the chief executive officer of the Corporation and, subject to the control of the Board of Directors, will supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the Corporation. He will, in the absence of the Chairman of the Board, preside at all meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors. The President will have all powers and perform all duties incident to the office of President and will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

5.9. **Vice Presidents.** Each Vice President will have the usual and customary powers and perform the usual and customary duties incident to the office of Vice President, and will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him. In the absence or disability of the President and the Chairman of the Board, a Vice President designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of such designation the Vice Presidents in the order of their seniority in office, will exercise the powers and perform the duties of the President.

5.10. **Secretary.** The Secretary will attend all meetings of the shareholders and record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose. The Secretary will perform like duties for the Board of Directors and committees thereof when required. The Secretary will give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors. The Secretary will keep in safe custody the seal of the Corporation. The Secretary will be under the supervision of the President. The Secretary will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him.

5.11. **Assistant Secretaries.** The Assistant Secretaries in the order of their seniority in office, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, will, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Secretary. They will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to them.

5.12. **Treasurer.** The Treasurer will have responsibility for the receipt and disbursement of all corporate funds and securities, will keep full and accurate accounts of such receipts and disbursements, and will deposit or cause to be deposited all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors. The Treasurer will render to the Directors whenever they may require it an account of the operating results and financial condition of the Corporation, and will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him.
5.13. **Assistant Treasurers.** The Assistant Treasurers in the order of their seniority in office, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, will, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Treasurer. They will have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to them.

5.14. **Bonding.** The Corporation may secure a bond to protect the Corporation from loss in the event of defalcation by any of the officers, which bond may be in such form and amount and with such surety as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate.

**ARTICLE VI**

**CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING SHARES**

6.1. **Form of Certificates.** Certificates, in such form as may be determined by the Board of Directors, representing shares to which shareholders are entitled, will be delivered to each shareholder. Such certificates will be consecutively numbered and entered in the stock book of the Corporation as they are issued. Each certificate will state on the face thereof that the Corporation is organized under the laws of Texas, the holder’s name, the number, class of shares, and the par value of such shares or a statement that such shares are without par value. They will be signed by the President or a Vice President and the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, and may be sealed with the seal of the Corporation or a facsimile thereof. If any certificate is countersigned by a transfer agent, or an assistant transfer agent or registered by a registrar, either of which is other than the Corporation or an employee of the Corporation, the signatures of the Corporation’s officers may be facsimiles. In case any officer or officers who have signed, or whose facsimile signature or signatures have been used on such certificate or certificates, ceases to be such officer or officers of the Corporation, whether because of death, resignation or otherwise, before such certificate or certificates have been delivered by the Corporation or its agents, such certificate or certificates may nevertheless be adopted by the Corporation and be issued and delivered as though the person or persons who signed such certificate or certificates or whose facsimile signature or signatures have been used thereon had not ceased to be such officer or officers of the Corporation.

6.2. **Lost Certificates.** The Board of Directors may direct that a new certificate be issued in place of any certificate theretofore issued by the Corporation alleged to have been lost or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the person claiming the certificate to be lost or destroyed. When authorizing such issue of a new certificate, the Board of Directors, in its discretion and as a condition precedent to the issuance thereof, may require the owner of such lost or destroyed certificate, or his legal representative, to advertise the same in such manner as it may require and/or to give the Corporation a bond, in such form, in such sum, and with such surety or sureties as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the Corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost or destroyed. When a certificate has been lost, apparently destroyed or wrongfully taken, and the holder of record fails to notify the Corporation within a reasonable time after such holder has notice of it, and the Corporation registers a transfer of the shares represented by the certificate before receiving such notification, the holder of record is precluded from making any claim against the Corporation for the transfer of a new certificate.
6.3. **Transfer of Shares.** Shares of stock will be transferable only on the books of the Corporation by the holder thereof in person or by such holder’s duly authorized attorney. Upon surrender to the Corporation or the transfer agent of the Corporation of a certificate representing shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer, it will be the duty of the Corporation or the transfer agent of the Corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate and record the transaction upon its books.

6.4. **Registered Shareholders.** The Corporation will be entitled to treat the holder of record of any share or shares of stock as the holder in fact thereof and, accordingly, will not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it has express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by law.

**ARTICLE VII**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

7.1. **Dividends.** Dividends upon the outstanding shares of the Corporation, subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Formation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting. Dividends may be declared and paid in cash, in property, or in shares of the Corporation, subject to the provisions of the Business Organizations Code and the Certificate of Formation. The Board of Directors may fix in advance a record date for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend, such record date to be not more than sixty days prior to the payment date of such dividend, or the Board of Directors may close the stock transfer books for such purpose for a period of not more than sixty days prior to the payment date of such dividend. In the absence of any action by the Board of Directors, the date upon which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution declaring such dividend will be the record date.

7.2. **Reserves.** There may be created by resolution of the Board of Directors out of the surplus of the Corporation such reserve or reserves as the directors from time to time, in their discretion, deem proper to provide for contingencies, or to equalize dividends, or to repair or maintain any property of the Corporation, or for such other purpose as the Directors may deem beneficial to the Corporation, and the directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created. Surplus of the Corporation to the extent so reserved will not be available for the payment of dividends or other distributions by the Corporation.

7.3. **Telephone and Similar Meetings.** Shareholders, directors and committee members may participate in and hold meetings by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. Participation in such a meeting will constitute presence in person at the meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting had not been lawfully called or convened.

7.4. **Books and Records.** The Corporation will keep correct and complete books and records of account and minutes of the proceedings of its shareholders and Board of Directors,
and will keep at its registered office or principal place of business, or at the office of its transfer
agent or registrar, a record of its shareholders, giving the names and addresses of all shareholders
and the number and class of the shares held by each.

7.5. **Fiscal Year.** The fiscal year of the Corporation will be fixed by resolution of the
Board of Directors.

7.6. **Seal.** The Corporation may have a seal, and such seal may be used by causing it
or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise. Any officer of the
Corporation will have authority to affix the seal to any document requiring it.

7.7. **Indemnification.** The Corporation will indemnify its directors, officers and other
persons referenced in the Certificate of Formation to the fullest extent permitted by the Business
Organizations Code and may, if and to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors, so
indemnify any other person whom it has the power to indemnify against liability, reasonable
expense or other matter whatsoever.

7.8. **Insurance.** The Corporation may at the discretion of the Board of Directors
purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of the Corporation and any person whom it has the
power to indemnify pursuant to law, the Certificate of Formation, these Bylaws or otherwise.

7.9. **Resignation.** Any director, officer or agent may resign by giving written notice
to the President or the Secretary. Such resignation will take effect at the time specified therein or
immediately if no time is specified therein. Unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of
such resignation will not be necessary to make it effective.

7.10. **Amendment of Bylaws.** These Bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed at
any meeting of the Board of Directors at which a quorum is present, by the affirmative vote of a
majority of the Directors present at such meeting.

7.11. **Invalid Provisions.** If any part of these Bylaws is held invalid or inoperative for
any reason, the remaining parts, so far as possible and reasonable, will be valid and operative.

7.12. **Relation to Certificate of Formation.** These Bylaws are subject to, and
governed by, the Certificate of Formation.
## SCHEDULE OF BUSINESS ORGANIZATION CODE (“BOC”) SECTIONS

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